# NERC

## **NERC** Overview

### Howard Gugel Vice President of Regulatory Oversight







### ERO and ERO Enterprise

### **Stakeholder Process**

**Program Areas** 

**IBR Registration Overview** 





# As the international, multi-jurisdictional ERO, NERC is authorized to:

Propose, monitor compliance with, and enforce mandatory reliability standards for the North American BPS, subject to regulatory oversight and approvals of FERC in the U.S. and applicable authorities in Canada;

Conduct near-term and long-term assessments of the reliability and future adequacy of the North American BPS; Certify BPS operators as having and maintaining the necessary knowledge and skills; and

Maintain situational awareness of events and conditions that may threaten reliability.



- As the international, multi-jurisdictional Electric Reliability Organization (ERO), NERC is authorized to:
  - Propose, monitor compliance with, and enforce mandatory Reliability Standards for the North American bulk power system (BPS), subject to regulatory oversight and approvals of FERC in the U.S. and applicable authorities in Canada;
  - Conduct near-term and long-term assessments of the reliability and future adequacy of the North American BPS;
  - Certify BPS operators as having and maintaining the necessary knowledge and skills; and
  - Maintain situational awareness of events and conditions that may threaten reliability.





### **ERO Enterprise**

# The **ERO Enterprise** is comprised of NERC and the six Regional Entities (REs).



Midwest Reliability Organization (MRO) Northeast Power Coordinating Council, Inc. (NPCC) ReliabilityFirst (RF) SERC Reliability Corporation (SERC) Texas Reliability Entity, Inc. (Texas RE) WECC



- NERC provides delegated authority to the REs.
- Regional consistency is key for transparency and predictability.





- Through NERC's technical committees, experts from all segments of the electricity industry contribute their knowledge to promote the reliability of the North American BPS
  - Compliance and Certification Committee (CCC)
  - Personnel Certification Governance Committee (PCGC)
  - Reliability and Security Technical Committee (RSTC)
  - Reliability Issues Steering Committee (RISC)
  - Standards Committee (SC)





### **NERC Program Areas**

#### Standards

Compliance & Enforcement

**Reliability Risk Management** 

System Operator Certification and Continuing Education

Electricity Information Sharing and Analysis Center (E-ISAC)



### **Standards Framework**



Mandatory and enforceable to registered entities



Reliability Standards define the reliability requirements for planning and operating the North American bulk power system



Requirements organized by topic areas (for example, transmission operations, transmission planning, coordination, communication, system protection, cybersecurity, etc.)



Reflect a results-based approach that focuses on performance, risk management, and entity capabilities



Process includes opportunity for regional variances where necessary



### **Standards Families**

BAL Balancing Load and Generation	<b>CIP</b> Critical Infrastructure Protection	<b>COM</b> Verbal Communications	EOP Emergency Operations and System Restoration	<b>FAC</b> Facility Requirements
INT Interchange Requirements	IRO Real-time Operations (mostly RC)	<b>MOD</b> System Modeling	<b>NUC</b> Nuclear Plant Interface	<b>PER</b> Personnel Training
PRC System Protection and Maintenance	<b>TOP</b> Transmission Operations (mostly TOP)	<b>TPL</b> Transmission Planning	VAR Voltage Control	<b>NUC</b> Nuclear Plant Interface
<b>PER</b> Personnel Training	<b>PRC</b> System Protection and Maintenance	<b>TOP</b> Transmission Operations (mostly TOP)	<b>TPL</b> Transmission Planning	<b>VAR</b> Voltage Control



### **Standards Development**



- Fair, open, and balanced process that depends on stakeholder input and participation
- Stakeholder technical expertise is essential to standard development process
- Stakeholder drafting teams draft the standards
  - Involves comment periods with formal review and response
  - Approval achieved with two-thirds consensus vote
  - Must be approved by NERC Board of Trustees and Applicable Governmental Authorities
- Governed by Standard Processes Manual (SPM)







### **Compliance Foundations**

- Energy Policy Act of 2005 Federal Power Act section 215
- Rules of Procedure (ROP) Section 400
  - NERC oversight of Regional Entities
  - Compliance program attributes (audit cycles, independence, confidentiality)
  - ROP Appendix 4C, Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program
- Regional Delegation Agreements (RDA)
  - Regional Entities "contract" with NERC
  - Regional Entities must adhere to ROP





Compliance Monitoring and Enforcement Program (CMEP)

- Outlines compliance monitoring processes
- Provides guidance and requirements for each monitoring method

## CMEP also addresses:

- Enforcement actions
- Mitigations of violations
- Remedial Action Directives
- Data retention and confidentiality



### **Risk-based Compliance**



- Inherent Risk Assessment (IRA)
- Compliance Oversight Plan (COP)
- ERO Enterprise Guidance Documents
  - Overview of the ERO Enterprise's Risk-Based CMEP
  - ERO Enterprise Guide for Compliance Monitoring



### **Compliance Tools**

### Compliance Monitoring Methods

- Compliance Audits
- Self-Certifications
- Spot Checks
- Self-Reports
- Periodic Data Submittals
- Complaints
- Compliance Investigations





### **Compliance Activities:** Self-Certifications

- REs will notify registered entities about self-certifying compliance to selected Reliability Standard/Requirement
  - Refer to Regional Annual CMEP Implementation Plans
  - Regional Entities also follow notification process in CMEP
- Registered entities must identify non-compliance when identified
- May request additional information





- REs may conduct a spot check at any time to determine compliance with any Reliability Standard/Requirement
  - Typically narrower scope than an audit
  - May result after an event, system disturbance, compliance issue, or to ensure mitigation of previous findings
  - REs follow process in CMEP
  - May be used in lieu of an audit



- Entities should make a self-report once it becomes aware it:
  - Has/may have violated a Reliability Standard or Requirement
  - The Violation Severity Level (VSL) of a previously reported violation has changed
- REs have self-reporting processes entities must follow
  - RE makes available self-report forms
  - Entity should provide relevant documentation to support filing
  - RE will review information to evaluate compliance and needed mitigation



### **Reliability Risk Management**





### **Personnel Certification**

- "Maintaining the reliability of the Bulk Electric System through implementation of Reliability Standards requires skilled, trained and qualified system operators." (Section 601 Scope of Personnel Certification)
  - International in scope
  - Provides a mechanism
  - Awards Certification Credentials



### Moving Forward: The Four Pillars of the Energy Transition

#### **Balancing Energy Supply Chain No/Low Carbon Transmission Resources** Ensure healthy energy **Energy Resources** supply chains for balancing Maintain a robust fleet of **Develop** adequate resources, with sufficient Ensure sufficient transmission to integrate balancing resources access to stored energy to amounts of no/low carbon renewables and needed to serve energy withstand long-duration, energy to achieve transmit/distribute along with integrated widespread extreme weather decarbonization goals renewables energy events



### **Base Load Compared to Hybrid**

#### **Retire 100 MW Base Load Generation**

• 100 MW Traditional Base Load generates 2400 MWh



#### 300 MW Solar + 400 MW Batteries

- Assume 8 hours of sunlight
- Assume no losses in conversion Usage
- 100 MW solar for 8 hours (800 MWh)
- 400 MW storage for 4 hour discharge (1600 MWh)

Storage

 200 MW solar to charge storage 8 hours (1600 MWh)



- Numerous ERO Enterprise reports determine that operational characteristics of inverter-based resources (IBRs) may cause reduced power output.
- Potential for IBRs to have a material impact on BPS, which is not limited to larger IBRs that typically register with NERC.





https://www.nerc.com/pa/rrm/ea/Pages/Major-Event-Reports.aspx

## Problem Statement & Risk Mitigation Strategy



**Problem Statement:** Analysis by NERC and the REs found that integration of IBRs onto the BPS have material impacts on reliability that must be mitigated. Risk Mitigation Strategy: NERC undertook two initiatives to mitigate IBR risk. At the direction of FERC, these steps include: (1) Revising NERC rules governing the registration of IBRs so these resources will be subject to NERC Reliability Standards, and (2) Revising and developing Reliability Standards applicable to IBRs.



### NERC seeks to register Generator Owners (GO) and Generator Operators (GOP) of non-Bulk Electric System IBRs with aggregate nameplate capacity ≥20 MVA connected at a voltage ≥60 kV.

With this proposal, **97.5%** of BPS-impactful IBRs would become subject to NERC Reliability Standards, commensurate to the **97%** of BPS-impactful synchronous resources currently subject to these standards by nameplate capacity.



### February

Board heard discussion of Rules of Procedure (RO)P proposal and stakeholder comments, which resulted in revising GO and GOP Registry Criteria to include Category 2 entities, and approved proposal.



TUE WED THU FRI SAT

6 7 8 14 15 16 17 21 22 23 24

27 28 29

4 5

25 26

2 3

9 10

### March

June

NERC filed ROP proposal with FERC and requested an expedited review.

### JUNE SUN MON TUE WED THU FRI SAT 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29

### FERC approved revisions to the NERC ROP and directed NERC to submit a compliance filing.



<b>IBR</b> F	Registr	ation <b>N</b>	Milestones	5
--------------	---------	----------------	------------	---

Phase 1: May 2023–May 2024	Phase 2: May 2024–May 2025	Phase 3: May 2025–May 2026
Complete Rules of Procedure     revisions and approvals	<ul> <li>Complete identification of Category 2 GO and GOP candidates</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Complete registration of Category 2 GO and GOP candidates thereafter subject to applicable NEBC</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Commence Category 2 GO and GOP candidate outreach and education (e.g., through trade organizations)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Continue Category 2 GO and GOP candidate outreach and education (e.g., quarterly updates, webinars, workshops, etc.)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Conduct specific Category 2 GO and GOP outreach and education (e.g., quarterly updates, webinars, workshops, etc.)</li> </ul>



IBR Registration candidates will be connected to the appropriate <u>Regional Entity staff</u> and will be provided educational materials explaining the NERC Registration process, Reliability Standards development, compliance obligations, and more.

While this will be an ongoing effort with continued development, existing candidate entities are expected to be registered by May 2026.





### All **GO/GOP standards** have been reviewed, and NERC has determined that no Reliability Standards will be applicable to IBR meeting the new registration criteria prior to **May 2026**.

Following this date, NERC will work with each drafting team to encourage a reasonable rollout strategy of new or modified standards to spread out the applicability to these IBR throughout May 2026 and beyond.



### **Order No. 901 Milestones**







- Quarterly Updates: <u>Q1 2024</u>, <u>Q2 2024</u>, <u>Q3 2024</u>
- Quick Reference Guides and FAQS:
  - IBR Registration Initiative
  - IBR Activities
  - Candidate for Registration
  - Proposed Revisions to NERC ROP to Address Registration
  - IBR Webinar Series

#### **Coming Soon**

- NERC and E-ISAC 101: Guide for New Entrants
- Educational Videos





### **Regional Points of Contact**





### **Additional Resources**

### NERC NORTH AMERICAN ELECTRIC RELIABILITY CORPORATION

### Learn more by visiting the <u>website</u> or emailing <u>Communications@nerc.net</u>



Learn more by visiting the <u>website</u> or emailing <u>memberservices@eisac.com</u>



## **Questions and Answers**

